

# Canine Leptospirosis Investigation in Southeast Michigan, 2011

A joint effort by
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
Michigan Department of Agriculture and Rural Development
Michigan Department of Community Health
Michigan State University Diagnostic Center for Population Animal Health



All data presented are preliminary.



## Leptospirosis Background

- Leptospirosis is a reportable animal and human disease in Michigan
- In Fall 2011, MDARD began receiving an increased number of reports of dogs with leptospirosis (suspect and diagnosed cases)
- Some of the cases involved dogs
   presenting with sudden severe illness
   (e.g., kidney failure), sometimes resulting
   in death



# Leptospirosis Background

- Many of the cases seemed to be from the Detroit area
- Given the severity of illness in animals and the possible concentration of cases in Detroit, MDARD was concerned about a potential disease outbreak
- Good opportunity for a One Health approach
  - Concept that animal health, human health, and the environment are closely intertwined



## Leptospirosis Background

- Meeting with MDCH, MSU DCPAH, AID, PPPM
- Developed next steps including a plan to contact CDC for possible consultation
- CDC agreed to assist; 2 weeks in December
- Detroit Public Works agrees to assist with rat trapping



#### Investigation Objectives

- 1. Define scope of the outbreak
- 2. Collect risk factor data and environmental information
- Assess knowledge, attitudes, and practices (KAP) about canine leptospirosis among Michigan veterinarians



#### Reported Leptospirosis Cases

- Number of reported canine leptospirosis cases increased from 26 in 2010 to 61 in 2011
- Data from Dr. Carol Bolin of MSU DCPAH showed an overall increase in canine leptospirosis cases and specifically the L. icterohaemorrhagiae strain in 2011 compared to the previous five years of data
- Canine cases reported in 2011 had SE Michigan geographic concentration

# Risk Factor Collection and Environmental Sampling Results

- Contacted 58 / 85 (68%) owners of affected dogs from 2010–2011 by phone
- 15 / 58 (26%) reported seeing rats near or around their home
- Environmental sampling of rats near homes with evidence of rat activity preliminarily indicated presence of leptospirosis in the rats
  - Awaiting results of strain typing from Centers for Disease Control and Prevention



Image courtesy of Detroit Public Works, Environmental Division, Rodent Control

#### Survey of Michigan Veterinarians

- 30 question, Web-based survey developed by Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
- Addressed knowledge, attitudes, and practices regarding canine leptospirosis
- Distributed through the Michigan Veterinary Medicine Association
- Results are expected in Spring 2012 and will be shared with all involved parties



#### Acknowledgements

- Michigan Veterinary Medical Association
- City of Detroit Public Works
  - Environmental Division, Rodent Control
- City of Detroit Animal Control
- Michigan Humane Society of Detroit
- USDA Veterinary Biologics Center
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
  - NCEZID, Bacterial Special Pathogens Branch
  - NCEZID, Office of Informatics (online survey developers)
  - SEPDPO, EIS Program